

LITERARY

A paper that will be read with interest, in the light of the coming Yorktown celebration, is "Old Yorktown," by Thomas Nelson Page, a descendant of the founder of the town, as well as of Thomas Nelson, who was Governor at the time of the capture and surrender by the British. It will appear in the October *Scribner*, and will be accompanied by some old time pictures together with illustrations of the Yorktown of to-day, made by Blum and Pencil on the ground.

CARPENTRY AND BUILDING, an illustrated monthly journal of 20 pages (exclusive of advertising matter) is a marvel of cheap-

ness. It is published by David Williams, 88 Reade street, New York, at one dollar per year. It is profusely illustrated with very fine line engravings. A prominent feature of this journal is its correspondence from all parts of the world. It contains letters from some 50 practical men, living in various sections of the country, on timely topics connected with the building trades, illustrated by 23 diagrams and cuts. A full set of working drawings of an English cottage, with descriptive letters press and builders' specification, is the leading article of the number. An illustrated article on "Modeling in Clay," another on "Practical Sketching," another concerning "Novelties in building supplies," and an editorial entitled "The Army

Mrs. Mary Mapes Dodge will contribute an interesting story of Colorado life, entitled "Trapper Joe," to the October number of *St. Nicholas*, which closes the eighth volume of that magazine. The same number will also contain a dainty poem by Celia Thaxter, some capital verses by Mrs. Annie Fields, wife of the late James T. Fields; an account of the pet cat of the famous actor, James Fenimore Cooper, written by his daughter, and illustrated with silhouettes by Hopkins; another of the wonderful stories of Norse mythology, with other attractions for the girls and

"Lindsey's Blood Searcher"—the great medicine for fever and ague, malaria, and all blood poison. Don't fail to use it.

Trouble of a Western Editor with the Files.

The editor of a western exchange makes the *amende honorable* in the following elaborate style:

"There is a fly in our office—one particular, aggressive fly—distinguished from his brethren by a pertinacity and unflinching energy that, if properly directed, are enough to make him President. Other

dies we can dispose of by whisking a paper at them or putting them out of the window, but this fly we can't manage. We don't like to kill flies. There is something so comforting about them that it seems almost a breach of hospitality to kill them. So the fly tumbles into the ink, crawls out, and dries his little feet by walking over our paper as we write. The compositor has hard work to decipher our manuscript sometimes. And in this connection we would make a slight correction. In the last No. of our paper we called the Hon. Mr. — "an unprincipled demagogue." We should have said "a high-toned patriot." It was all the fault of that fly. The brother-in-law of Mr. — came into our office this morning, and the name of the

looking cane and reminded us of the mis-
 MINNEHAHA CAKE:—Two cups of sugar,
 beaten to a cream, with one cup of sugar,
 the whites of four eggs, beaten to a stiff
 froth, and put in the last thing, and three
 cups of flour, with three teaspoonfuls of
 baking powder. Bake in layers, put to-
 gether with one cup of sugar, melted while
 boiling hot; stir in the white of an egg,
 beaten stiff, and a half teaspoonful of chopped
 raisins.

The Supreme Court of the United States
 says (Murray vs. Charleston, 66 U.S. p.

"I wish," said the farmer's wife to her husband and six boys, "that some of you would shoot the yellow cat." So they all, when they happened to think of it, went and loaded the gun. Luckily, it was the youngest boy that fired it, for he was very healthy and could stand being kicked through a fence. When he came home, he went and baptized that gun. Old Mule.

AS A CURE FOR PILES Kidney-Wort acts first by overcoming in the mildest manner all tendency to constipation; then, by its great tonic and invigorating properties, it restores to health the debilitated and weakened parts. We have hundreds of certified cures, where all else had failed. Use it and suffer no longer. —Exchange.

A kindly messenger, An Irishman wrote to the wife of a sick brother: "If Jamie isn't dead yet remind him of the twenty shillings he owes me on the pig; and if he is, tell him not to give himself any concern about it."

"What is the meaning of the word 'tantalizing'?" asked the teacher. "Please, marm," spoke up little Johnny Helcomb, "it means a circus procession passing the schoolhouse and the cholera not allowed to look out."

A man has been fined \$50 for calling the Mayor of Grand Rapids "Wooden Shoes." If freedom of speech is to be checked in this manner the American eagle may as well quit laying eggs.

Unlike other iron preparations, Brown's Iron Bitters will not injure the teeth.

Satisfactory: "Is there much water in the cistern, Biddy?" inquired a gentleman of his servant girl. "It is full on the bottom," she replied, "but there is none at the top."

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A friend to rich and poor is Brown's Iron Bitters. They strengthen and heal.

— — — — —

The past tense of bee-hive is beehove. If you don't believe this sit on one and see if it don't beehove you to get up.

— — — — —

A true tonic, a blessing in every household, is Brown's Iron Bitters.

Can the State debt be settled by the Rid

What we all want is the truth. If the debt is \$20,000,000 or \$30,000,000, let it be a general desire for a settlement be carried out, and in voting for men to settle it, vote for those who will honestly endeavor to ascertain the true amount and settle at the amount upon the best terms possible.

Can a settlement be made upon the terms of the Riddleberger Bill? If, then, the people of Virginia have been the worst fooled people the sun ever shined upon, I all along we have been bound to believe that the debt was not less than \$30,000,000, and several years ago the Readjuster officers named sums ranging in magnitude from \$45,000,000 to \$120,000,000. There must have been deceivers us then, for the same Mahoneite speakers declare now *we don't owe quite \$20,000,000*. If they deceived us *then* are they less liable to *charge now*? But we say if we don't owe *more than* the \$20,000,000 of course we ought not to pay more. No body wants to pay a dollar that is not honestly due. But suppose the Courts, to which creditors usually look for *redress*, say we owe more and must pay it, how will we get out of it? Is it reasonable to expect as much in the way of concession from the creditor *after* as he has been compelled to resort to *redress as before*? We propose as a partial compromise this question; get all the concessions we can, and settle upon the basis of a three per cent. bond. Our opponents propose the Riddleberger Bill, which is at variance with the Reports of the Auditors, and in no wise agreeing with the books of accounts of the State. The men who hold the 6 per cent. bonds will never

Readjuster Democrats, Look at This !

Mahone in 1879.

Everybody knows that on the 25th of February, 1879, Mahone, who now swears that we don't owe twenty millions of dollars, swore that we owed thirty-three millions; but everybody don't know that in the same speech he announced his purpose to advance the **PRINCIPLE OF EXTENSION AND FORFEITURE OF THE INCURRED DEBT** of the State Legislature, if necessary. What a set!

Here are his words. The whole extract is worth recording:

"Impoverished and disheartened as are our people; onerous and oppressive as the present financial condition of the State has been and will still be to us; repugnant as is the measure to the public mind; and, nevertheless, certain as I am that such increase to some extent must be necessary after 1880, yet to secure the great object of a settlement of this question, AND TO AVOID THAT PRESSURE OF ALL CLAIMS UPON THE LEGISLATURE, AND THE LIABILITIES OF THE STATE, AND THE EXTENSION OF THE obligations, unless some settlement can be arrived at upon terms the least possible, though difficult of enforcement, I would earnestly advise this people to accept a permanent settlement at 3 per cent. below par, which, if called upon, would secure that the quiet and repose gained thereby would counterbalance the hardships of an increase which they are so little able to bear. I would use my best endeavors to secure the vote of the people sanctioning a settlement of this debt, for forty-five years on the basis of \$32,977,000.00. And this settlement, being ratified, I would ENFORCE IT BY THE LEGISLATURE AND COURTS, WHOSE POWERS I BELIEVE TO BE FULLY ADEQUATE THERETO.

What would I care if I were to lose my office? I would do because I believe it to be right."

WILLIAM M. MAHONE'S MISCOT-HAUS speech, February 25, 1879.

TWO PER CENT.—A tax of two per cent on Federal officers, remorselessly levied by Brady and Mahone, to carry the Virginia election for coalition, and yet they and Cameron talk about a "free ballot and a honest count!"

THEIR FLUSHING INCIDENCE and shameless corruption and extravagance.

sion from Washington to Cleveland the people gathered to pay the last tribute of re-

Washington. The only occupants of the train who stepped out upon the platform were General Sherman and General Meigs, and they entered into conversation with General James S. Negley, chairman of the committee. Secretary Blaine's car, which followed, was decorated only with the palm leaves placed on the roof. He bowed courteously to the one or two friends whom he recognized upon the platform. The train remained at the depot fourteen minutes, and then pulled slowly out. All the people about the station remained with uncovered heads and their hands over their hearts. The throngs on the churches of the city tolled a mournful requiem. At Liberty street and Pennsylvania avenue crossing thousands of persons were assembled, but were kept back from the track by a cordon of policemen. All uncovered their heads as the train passed. The throngs were so dense that dense masses of people at each street crossing. The train passed through Allegheny station without stopping and drew slowly through the park, where fully 15,000 persons had gathered, including several posts of the Grand Army of the Republic, who were in full uniform. Many ladies were in the throng, and there had brought flowers, which were laid on the track for a quarter of a mile. From a rustic bridge crossing the track flowers were also dropped upon the cars as they passed beneath. The crowd was as silent as the sea. The signs of grief and affection were everywhere. At the Allegheny depot two cars containing the committee having in charge funeral arrangements at Cleveland, which arrived last evening, were attached to the train, and the engine used within the city to take the remains to the funeral train. After leaving Rochester the big funeral locomotive. The funeral train was thus started upon the last stage of the journey.

THE LAST STAGE.

As the two trains steamed west from Pittsburgh the crowds at the way station grew larger. The Grand Army of the Republic in line at Rochester, Pa., saluted each car as it passed, while the surrounding crowd stood with uncovered heads. After leaving Rochester the big funeral train on the left side of the lunch car on the second section caught fire from a spark and it was nearly all burned from that side of the car before the fire could be extinguished. The car itself was not damaged. The fireman then made a stop the conductor of Mrs. Garrison's train was drawn down. Ex-President Hayes, Secretaries Blaine and Lincoln and Postmaster General James sat at the open windows facing the people, and many men shook hands with the distinguished gentlemen, and as the train moved off followed as long as the

severe shock, that their father's death was so to them they do not manifest their feelings

HOW WATCHES ARE MADE.

It will be apparent to any one, who will examine the GOLD WATCH, that aside from the necessary thickness for engraving and polishing, a large proportion of the precious metal used is needed only to stiffen and hold the engraved portions in place, and supply the necessary solidity and strength. The surplus gold is actually wasted, and is a great source of anxiety and concern. In JAMES BOSS' PATENT GOLD WATCH CASES, this waste of precious metal is overcome, and the SAME SOLIDITY AND STRENGTH produced at from one third to one half of the usual cost of solid cases. This process is of the most simple nature, as follows: A plate of nickel composition metal, especially adapted to the purpose, has two plates of SOLID GOLD soldered one on each side. The three are then passed between polished steel rollers, and the result is a strip of heavy plated composition, from which the cases, backs, simple plates, &c., are cut and shaped in suitable dies and formed. The gold in these cases is sufficiently thick to admit of all kinds of chasing, engraving and enamelling; the engraved cases have been carried until worn perfectly smooth by time and use without removing the gold.

THE GOLD WATCH CASES ARE MADE WITH TWO PLATES OF SOLID GOLD AND WARRANTED BY SPECIAL CERTIFICATE.

For sale by all Jewelers. Ask for Illustrated Catalogue, and to see warrant.

Can't Wipe It Out.

The *Whig* complains that General James A. Walker, and the other well-known gentlemen who signed the card testifying their belief of the authorship of the Blair-Wilson letters, did not "make oath" to the fact. Well, that is a very good thing to do, and the question is, for the simple reason, of any one of those gentlemen would be believed by every honorable and impartial mind in Virginia who knows them and would effectually offset all of the oaths that Blair and his witnesses could swear in a court of law.

This is a crime that cannot be wiped out by such special pleadings!—*Conservative Democrat.*

The *Philadelphia Press* calls upon President Arthur to dismiss Mr. District Attorney Lewis at once for fighting a duel—not to permit him to remain in office three hours. Out upon such sniffling cant! We trust the President will do no such thing. There is no statute of the country against duelling, and shall we have none but politicians and sneaks in office!—*Richmond*

Black and Color

working hard, but to no effect.

**WRY DESIRABLE
TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.**

By virtue of a decree rendered at the May term, 1881, in the chancery cause of G. Conrad's ac'm, vs. W. E. Upp, Esq., the following is offered for sale:

On Saturday, the 22nd day of October, 1881,
in front of the G-ut-house at Harrisonburg, Va.,
for sale at public auction, that certain lot of
land, bounded by the railroad, and by the
Market St., in Harrisonburg, Va.,
now occupied by Dr. W. A. Pointz,
containing 1.25 acres, and containing a
TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING, good outbuild-
ings, and a well, situated in the best ward, and
is one of the most desirable homes in Vir-
ginia.—One-fourth cash; the balance in one, two
and three years, with interest. Any of the
purchaser to execute bonds with good security for de-
ferred payments, and lien retained on the property.
ED. S. CONRAD,
Commissioner.

sep20-29

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AND HIS FAITHFUL PEOPLE.**

An elegant Chromo Lithograph printed in 150 Presi-
dential colors, large as life, and mounted on
10x26 inches. The sale of this beautiful work of art
has been limited at \$1 per copy. In order that
every family may be able to possess this
beautiful and interesting work, we have
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AGENTS Postage stamps to **WANTED**
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THE LARGEST AND MOST INTERESTING WEEKLY.
THE CHOICEST FAMILY PAPER IN THIS
COUNTRY.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

G. WATSON JAMES, Editor and Proprietor.
R. A. BROCK, Associate Editor.

WITH A CORPS OF ABLE CONTRIBUTORS, COMPREHENSIVE
MATTERS OF THE MOST PULP AND AMERICAN WRITING.

The following are among the attractive features of
THE STANDARD: Each number contains an original
and valuable paper, written by the most famous
narrators to that of Virginia and the Southern States;
"Notes and Queries," Antiquarian, Genealogical and
"Historical" (which, from the greater frequency of our
issues, is a most valuable feature); "Notes and Queries,"
communication and information to that of any other
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itary and family notices; a column of "Notes and
National press; original stories and poems; re-
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of the notable throughout the State; carefully corrected
and reliable statistics.

We publish regularly the proceedings of the Vir-
ginia General Assembly, in which our Association
holds the responsible position of Corresponding
Secretary and Librarian.

Our readers are primarily devoted to the
mathematical culture of our readers, and nothing is
admitted into our columns which could offend the ma-
jority of our readers. We are not a political paper,
in the principal historical and scientific bodies in the
country.

The success of THE STANDARD has been unprece-
dented in the annals of the periodical literature of
this country. It has been the favorite of the
most highly cultivated circles and it has received the
unqualified endorsement of the press, of literary in-
stitutions and of the general public.

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PERMANENTLY CURES
INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL Use.
 A pure and specific cure for, Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Diphtheria, Chills, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera, Summer Complaint, Sick Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, etc.

Perfectly safe to use internally or externally, and certain to afford relief. Every family can afford to be without it. Sold by all druggists at 25c., 50c., and \$1 a bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors,
 Providence, R. I.

DEWEY'S
DOES
WONDERFUL WHY?
CURES!

Because it acts on the LIVER, BOWELS and KIDNEYS at the same time.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develop in Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Disorders and Female Complaints.

SEE WHAT PEOPLE SAY!

Ernest H. Hark, of Kansas City, Kansas, says, "Kidney-Wort cured my last regular flux" and has been trying for four years.

Mr. John Arnall, of Washington, Ohio, says her boy was given up to die by four prominent physicians that he was afterwards cured by Kidney-Wort.

N. H. Goodwin, an editor in Chardon, Ohio, says he was not expected to live, being bloated beyond belief, but Kidney-Wort cured him.

Anna L. Jarrett of South Salem, N. Y., says she was seven months suffering from kidney troubles, and other complications was cured by the use of Kidney-Wort.

John B. Lawrence of Jackson, Tenn., suffered for years from liver and kidney troubles and after taking a bottle of other medicine, Kidney-Wort made him well.

Michael Coto of Montgomery County, Va., suffered eight years with kidney difficulty and was unable to walk. Kidney-Wort made him "well as ever."

KIDNEY-WORT
PERMANENTLY CURES
KIDNEY DISEASES,
LIVER COMPLAINTS,
Constipation and Piles.

(It is put up in 7 Gr Vegetable Form in this case, one package of which makes six quarts of medicine. Also in Liquid Form, very Concentrated, for those who cannot tolerate pills.)

It acts with equal efficiency to cleanse the system. GET IT AT THE DRUGGISTS. PRICE, \$1.00.

WELLS, RICH & HISSON & Co., Prop'rs,
 (Will send the free post-paid.) BURLINGTON, VT.

County of Rockingham, Va., rendered on the 15th day
June, 1881, in the chancery cause of Jeremiah
Spachsgen's heirs vs. Jeremiah Spachsgen.

A SLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. NINTH GRAND DISTRIBUTION, CLASS K, AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1881—137th Monthly Drawing

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of \$100,000—to which a reserve fund of over \$1,000,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted November 13, A. D. 1878.

ITS GRAND LUCKY NUMBER-DRAWING will take place monthly.

Races scales or postages.

Look at the following Distribution:

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$30,000.
100,000 TICKETS AT TWO DOLLARS EACH.
HALF TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize.....	\$30,000
9 Capital Prizes.....	10,000
Capital Prize.....	6,000
Prizes of \$2,500.....	5,000
Prizes of 1,000.....	5,000
80 Prizes of 500.....	10,000
100 Prizes of 250.....	25,000
200 Prizes of 100.....	20,000
300 Prizes of 50.....	15,000
400 Prizes of 25.....	10,000
1000 Prizes of 10.....	10,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9 Approximation Prizes of \$300.....	2,700
9 Approximation Prizes of 100.....	900
9 approximation Prizes of 100.....	900

BEST PRIZES, amounting to.....\$10,490.

Responsible corresponding agents wanted at all points, to whom liberal compensation will be paid. For further information, write clearly giving full address. Send orders by express or Registered Letter, or Money Order by mail. Addressed only to
M. A. DAUPHIN,
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All our Grand Extraordinary Drawings are under the supervision of the Honorable SENATOR J. G. DEABREGARD and JUDAS A. EARLY.

Notice to the Public.

The public are hereby cautioned against sending any Money or Orders to NUNES & Co., the Louisiana State Lottery Company, as authorized by the Louisiana State Lottery Company, as they are flooding the country with Bogus Circulars purporting to be from the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and are fraudulently representing themselves as its Agents. They have no authority from this Company to sell its Tickets.

M. A. DAUPHIN,
Pres. Louisiana State Lottery Co.
New Orleans, La., July 4, 1881. (exp 1-14)

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The stockholders of the New Hawley Springs Company, will meet at the office of Ed. S. Conrad in Harrison street, on

the First Thursday in October, 1881,
(October 6th), at 2 o'clock P. M. By order of the Board of Directors,
asp1m-tm ED. S. CONRAD Secretary.

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FOR THE LIBERAL EDUCATION OF WOMEN.
Examinations for entrance, Sept. 14th. Catalogue sent on application.

